

Fall 1963

## Notes and Announcements

Follow this and additional works at: <https://scholarlycommons.law.northwestern.edu/jclc>

 Part of the [Criminal Law Commons](#), [Criminology Commons](#), and the [Criminology and Criminal Justice Commons](#)

---

### Recommended Citation

Notes and Announcements, 54 J. Crim. L. Criminology & Police Sci. 348 (1963)

This Note is brought to you for free and open access by Northwestern University School of Law Scholarly Commons. It has been accepted for inclusion in Journal of Criminal Law and Criminology by an authorized editor of Northwestern University School of Law Scholarly Commons.

engaging in the practice of law, whether or not he receives money for his services.

Vagrancy—*Drew v. District of Columbia*, 187 A.2d 325 (D.C. Ct. App. 1963). Defendant was convicted of vagrancy in violation of D.C. CODE §22-3302(4) (1961), which defines a vagrant as a person who, *inter alia*, "engages in or commits acts of fornication or perversion for hire." On appeal, defendant contended that the evidence failed to establish that she was a vagrant as de-

finied above. The District of Columbia Court of Appeals reversed with instructions to enter judgment of acquittal, holding that vagrancy under §22-3302(4) consists of a continuing course of immorality or pattern of iniquity rather than a solitary instance of wrongdoing; and that since the evidence against defendant established only that she had accepted \$10 from the arresting officer as advance payment for committing an act of perversion, the Government's evidence did not prove that defendant was guilty of vagrancy.

---

## NOTES AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

---

School of Criminology (Berkeley) Announces Overall Reorganization and Expanded Program, Including Doctor of Criminology Degree—The School of Criminology of the University of California at Berkeley announced in April, 1963, the establishment of an expanded program of education and research in criminology. Overall reorganization of the School has been accomplished by Dean Joseph D. Lohman and the faculty in criminology with guidance from a faculty advisory committee and a professional advisory council.

Major elements in the new criminology program at Berkeley include (1) the Doctor of Criminology degree, offered for the first time in any university and designed to fill a need for top-level professional personnel in criminological and correctional administration, research, and education; (2) a broadened curriculum with more than 25 new courses emphasizing basic principles, the advancement of research on professional problems, and the relationship between studies in criminology and the behavioral and other sciences; (3) an expanded faculty, including qualified specialists in such fields as law, sociology, psychiatry, and psychology; (4) new research programs for faculty and students aimed at developing basic knowledge and new techniques for dealing with crime problems, crime prevention, and corrections; and (5) enlarged contributions to professional agencies throughout California, including special courses, institutes, and a variety of consulting services.

The School of Criminology ranks as the largest and most comprehensive unit of its kind at any university. Research and instruction cover four basic fields: the etiology of crime, law enforcement, corrections, and criminalistics.

Students enrolled as candidates for the new Doctor of Criminology degree will choose one of these four basic areas for major study and research. Requirements for the new doctorate (to be abbreviated "D.Crim." in professional titles) will be similar to those for the Ph.D. degree, including knowledge of a foreign language, qualifying examinations, a doctoral dissertation based upon original research, and at least two years' study in residence. The D.Crim. degree is designed to qualify graduates for careers in college and university posts in criminology, in research, and in top-level administration of programs of crime prevention, law enforcement, and corrections.

A recent innovation in criminology teaching at Berkeley is a program of field studies permitting advanced students to work on special research problems in the "working" setting of cooperative public agencies. Currently some 35 students are enrolled in these studies and are making use of facilities and operational experience in such agencies as the police departments of Oakland and Berkeley.

In the research field, the School of Criminology is engaged in a large-scale project to develop educational materials and training programs in the field of juvenile delinquency and teenage crime control. When developed and fully tested, these materials will be used for in-service professional training of police and probation officers, juvenile judges, teachers, and others. The research and training center activities are supported by a grant from the United States Department of Health, Education and Welfare and is part of a broad attack on youth problems initiated by the President's Committee on Juvenile Delinquency and Teenage Crime. Co-